The columns in the Excel file and SPSS datasets are the following:

- Grouping Variables: Grouping variables used in defining the groups for the analysis (IDCNTRY and ITSEX in this case)
- N: Number of cases in group
- TOTWGT: Sum of the weights for cases in the group
- SUMW_SE: the standard error for the sum of the weights in the group.
- PCT: Percentage of cases in the group
- PCT_SE: Standard error of the percentage of cases in the group
- WEIGHT: The weighting variable used for the analysis
- REPS: The number of replicates used for the analysis
- METHOD: The method of replication used for the analysis
- DATE: The date the analysis was conducted
- TIME: The time the analysis was conducted
- INFILE: data used for the analysis
- SELCRIT: selection criteria used for the analysis

Computing Percentages of the Population Meeting User-Specified Benchmarks

To compute percentages of the population meeting or exceeding benchmarks²¹ or cut points in the distribution of achievement, you need to select "**Benchmark**" from the **Statistic Type** dropdown menu. In addition to computing percentages, you also have the option to compute the average of one of more analysis variables by achievement group.

This analysis type requires the selection of the following variables for the analysis:

Grouping Variables This is the list of variables that will be used to define the subgroups.

The list can consist of one or more variables. The IDB Analyzer always includes IDCNTRY or its equivalent as the first grouping variable and there should always be at least one grouping variable. If the option "Exclude Missing from Analysis" is checked, only cases that have non-missing values in the grouping variables will be used

in the analysis.

Plausible Values The achievement score or set of plausible values that will be used

for the analysis.

Benchmarks The cut points of the distribution. See Appendix B for a listing of

the cut points used in international large-scale assessment studies

²¹ "Benchmarks" are points along the distribution of proficiency that have a particular meaning when describing what study participants know and can do. Depending on the study or survey, different terms might be used, such as "achievement levels", "proficiency levels", etc. Appendix B of this Help Manual lists the corresponding cut score used in the major international studies.